(XXXVIIIth Year.) THE (No. 1838.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, April 4, 1782.

LONDON, *December* 4.

IF the accurſed American war is to be abandoned, or purſued to the deſtruction of our country, a ſhort time will determine; miniſtry give no ſigns of remorſe for their paſt conduct as yet; but whether the people will ſuffer freſh taxes to be impoſed upon them, in addition to the enormous burthens they already endure, merely to gratify the obſtinacy of any one man, or ſet of men whatever, or to retain the preſent incapable and impolitic men in office, remains to be ſeen.

The behaviour of the minority in parliament, by their immediate oppoſition to vote an early ſupply, is truly laudable and ſpirited, in this hour of calamity, when the nation is involved ſo much, by the wretched conduct of adminiſtration, and we truſt ſuch conduct receives the full countenance and ſupport of the people of England; for there is no meaſure more conſtitutional, than to withhold the purſe of the public from thoſe men, who have miſapplied it, and by raſh and improper councils, have brought the country to its preſent degraded and miſerable ſtate. Why don't miniſters confeſs their faults, own their errors, abandon the impracticable attempts of American ſubjugation, and reform their conduct, ere they again put their hands in the pockets of the people?

Dec. 5. Mr. Thomas Pitt's reply to lord North, on Friday laſt, (when his lordſhip aſked what would all Europe ſay, if, in ſuch a juncture, an act of that houſe ſhould declare that the king and his people were two, or rather that the government of Great-Britain and the Britiſh commons were diſunited?) was one of the moſt able as well as one of the moſt manly and ſpirited pieces of eloquence ever delivered in the houſe of commons. He delared, that he had no ſcruple to acknowledge, that he wiſhed to ſhew all Europe, that the crown of Great Britain and the parliament were diſunited. That the meaſure was the ſtrongeſt he had ventured upon, but he had warm expectations of the moſt beneficial conſequences, from its being univerſally known, that the deliberative branch of the Britiſh government had a difference with the executive branch. So ſure was he in his own mind, that good would come out of it, that he offered to take the reſponſibility of the meaſure entirely on himſelf, and pledged himſelf to the houſe to be anſwerable for the conſequences.

Lord Huntington has received letters from lord Rawdon, announcing his ſafe arrival at Breſt. His lordſhip ſpeaks in terms of the higheſt compliment of the civility he has received from Monſ. de Graſſe, le duc de Lauzun, and other of the French officers. He ſays in particular of the latter nobleman, that he treated him with all the affection of an intimate friend during the courſe of their paſſage, and on their arrival at Breſt, delivered his letters of credit before he paid any attention to his own perſonal buſineſs.

Notwithſtanding the mode of carrying on the war as adopted by the advice, and carried on under the direction of lord George Germain, hath proved ſo unſucceſsful, his lordſhip ſtill perſeveres in recommending the ſame line of conduct, ſtrongly contending for the propriety of replacing the army loſt in the Carolinas, and throwing an additional force into New-York; but in this way of thinking he differs from moſt of the members of the interior cabinet, the lord chancellor, lords North, Sandwich, and Loughborough, have ſtrenuouſly contended for collecting all our force at New-York, and making one vigorous ſtruggle before we abandon the thoughts of ſubduing America. This being the caſe, and lord George being daily left in a minority, it is thought his lordſhip will ſpeedily reſign, rather than ſubmit to have the negative put upon all his propoſitions for the future operations of the war.

Jan. 1. Yeſterday Henry Laurens, Eſq; who has been for ſome conſiderable time impriſoned in the Tower of London, was by order of government carried before lord Mansfield. His lordſhip acquainted Mr. Laurens that if he would enter ſecurity for his appearance in ſix months after he ſhould be called for, he would be ſet at liberty, and might go wherever he pleaſed. Mr. Oſwald, an American merchant, offering to be ſecurity accordingly; the chief juſtice accepted him as bail, and Mr Laurens was diſcharged. It is ſaid that Mr. Laurens will ſet out in a day or two for Bath by advice of his phyſicians, who recommended the waters of that place for the recovery of his health.

Extract of a letter from New-York, to a friend in Edinburgh, November 3, 1781.

"The inhabitants of this city are ſo affected by the defeat of lord Cornwallis, that many merchants refuſe to open the goods received by the laſt fleet; ſome will not even ſell without ready money. We ſhall ſee an humble ſcene next ſummer; if this place be abandoned, we ſhall conſider the king's government, as loſt for ever; at leaſt in this part of America. For my part, which way ſoever I look, I ſee nothing but difficulties. Should I go to England with my large family, we may be in want of every thing in a ſtrange land. If I ſtay here, I ſhall be liable to inſults, and perhaps to vigorous proſecutions."

Jan. 2. The ſhips of the line which compoſe the fleet bound for the Weſt-Indies under ſir George Rodney are the Formidable and Namure of 90 guns, the Arrogant, Marlborough, Hercules, Conqueror, and [illegible] of 74 guns; Alfred, Anſon, Nonſuch, Prothee, Repulſe and Yarmouth of 64; and the Dunkirk of 60 guns; [illegible] they are [illegible] called 18 in number. [illegible] by the laſt accounts lay in the ſound of Plymouth, ready to ſail with the firſt fair wind.

PETERSBURG, *November* 18.

We are aſſured that the empreſs means to add 20 ſail of the line to her navy, which will then conſiſt of 54 ſail of the line beſides frigates, &c. It is her majeſty's determination that a fleet of 12 ſail of the line ſhall always be kept up in the new port of Cheron on the Black Sea; to complete the above augmentation, ten ſhips of 100 guns are to be immediately built in our dock-yards.

Beſides the troops ſome time ſince ſent to Crimea and the frontiers of Turkey, eight other regiments have orders to march to thoſe parts.

The 30th of laſt month, the acts of acceſſion of the emperor Joſeph II. to the armed neutrality, were exchanged between the miniſter of this court and that of Vienna, who have reſpectively received the uſual preſents.

HAGUE, *December* 25.

Their high mightineſſes have agreed to the augmentation of 6000 ſailors.

The admiralty of Amſterdam have, with the conſent of the prince Stadtholder, put ſeven men of war into commiſſion, viz. two of 68 guns, three of 54, one of 44, and one of 36 guns.

BASSETERRE, *(St. Kitt's) Feb.* 20.

A few days after the ſurrender of the iſland, admiral Hood left the road with his fleet, and where he is now we know not. As ſoon as he went away the count de Graſſe's fleet took their former poſition in Baſſeterre road.

Yeſterday morning his excellency the marquis de Bouille embarked for Martinico. His excellecy count Dillon is left governor of this iſland and Nevis, with the regiment of Dillon of the brigades, the regiment of Rouſſillon, and the regiment of Auxerrois, each equal to 1000 men. And this day alſo the reſt of the troops and the fleet will depart for Martinico.

FISH-KILL, *March* 21.

Lieutenant Harris with ſix men belonging to capt. Vermilliar's company of militia, on the night of the 14th inſtant, obtained intelligence of a party of Delancy's corps being at a houſe near Mile-ſquare, and had addreſs enough to ſurpriſe the whole party, conſiſting of twelve, to kill one, and make priſoners of four others.

CHARLES-TOWN, *January* 1.

Laſt Thurſday came to anchor off our bar, a fleet of army victuallers from Corke, under convoy of the Quebec and Graha frigates, after a paſſage of 59 days. On the paſſage they took two prizes, one a Spaniſh tranſport, bound from Havanna to Porto Rico, the other a brigantine from Cadiz to Philadelphia. On the 31ſt of October laſt they ſpoke the grand fleet under admiral Darby, conſiſting of 36 ſail of the line beſides frigates, cruiſing in three diviſions, who informed them that the French and Spaniſh fleets were then in port.

Friday arrived the ſchooner Mary, Able Friſbie, maſter, from Antigua. We have advices by her, of admiral Graves, on his paſſage to the Weſt-Indies, having taken a large frigate, mounting 36 braſs twelve pounders, bound from Old France to Philadelphia with a very valuable cargo.

Laſt Wedneſday evening the Æthiopian ladies of this town gave an elegant entertainment at the long room in Meeting-ſtreet to a numerous company of gentlemen of various habits and denominations. The dancing, which began about ſeven, ſhewed infinite judgment, and the ſupper about eleven, diſplayed a peculiar taſte. The ladies returned to dancing after ſupper, and the company ſeparated with regret about four in the morning. In ſhort, the whole was conducted with a taſte that does much honour to the managers.

RICHMOND, *March* 23.

A ſhip is arrived in York river with diſpatches from count de Graſſe to his excellency general count Rochambeau, giving an account of the taking of St. Kitt's and Nevis with 5000 land forces. She alſo brings an account of the naval action between the French and Britiſh fleets, in which the latter loſt the Gibraltar of 80 guns blown up, one ſunk, one run aground, and one taken, together with two frigates, three ſloops of war, and 115 tranſports.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 23.

The New-York paper of the 16th inſtant, mentions the following prizes arrived there: brig Charming Molly from St. Thomas for Philadelphia; ſhips Eſther and Zoutman from Philadelphia for Havanna; brig from Turk's-Iſland for Philadelphia; ſchooner from Cheſapeake with flour; brig Hannah from Guadaloupe for Philadelphia; brig from Philadelphia for the Weſt-Indies with flour; brig Flora from Martinique; and a brig drove aſhore in Delaware bay.

Perſons juſt out of New-York ſay, that an expreſs boat arrived there from Charles-town, which brought an account of an action being lately fought in South-Carolina, between general Greene and general Leſlie, but no particulars could be obtained [illegible] our informants left the city.

Letters from South-Carolina, dated the [illegible] of January and beginning of February, mention orders being given at Charles-town, for the embarkation of a number of [illegible].

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of character in Nantes, to his friend in this city, dated December 22, 1781.

"You will probably have heard before this gets to hand, of the attempt of the Britiſh govenment to ſtarve Mr. Laurens in the Tower. All the money he had being expended he was reduced to the greateſt neceſſity, and had lived four days on a ſingle fowl, while the moſt poſitive orders were given at the Tower not to receive any caſh tendered there for his ſupport, when one of the people belonging to the priſon had humanity and goodneſs enough to publiſh to the world his ſituation. After that he had liberty allowed him to draw upon a perſon in the city who owed him money; and now a parliamentary enquiry into his treatment has taken place."

March 26. Laſt Friday morning His Excellency General Waſhington left this city. His excellency was eſcorted by captain Morris's troop of city horſe; and we are told that head quarters will be at New-Windſor, in the ſtate of New-York.

Accounts from France, as late as the 9th of February, mention that 135 tranſports and merchantmen had ſailed from Nantes for Breſt, where they were to be joined by 22 ſail of the line. The Weſt-Indies, particularly Jamaica, it was ſuppoſed, are the objects of this armament. The accounts add, that lords Sandwich and Germain had quitted their employments in the Britiſh adminiſtration.

For ſome days paſt it has been reported that an embarkation has taken place at New-York; but we do not find ſufficient reaſon to authenticate it.

PROCLAMATION.

THE goodneſs of the Supreme Being to all his rational creatures, demands their acknowledgments of gratitude and love; his abſolute government of this world dictates, that it is the intereſt of every nation and people ardently to ſupplicate his favour and implore his protection.

When the luſt of dominion or lawleſs ambition excites arbitrary power to invade their rights, or endeavour to wreſt from a people their ſacred and invaluable drivileges, and compels them, in defence of the ſame, to encounter all the horrors and calamities of a bloody and vindictive war; then it is that people loudly called upon to fly unto that God for protection, who hears the cries of the diſtreſſed, and will not turn a deaf ear to the ſupplication of the oppreſſed.

Great-Britain, hitherton, left to infatuated councils, and to purſue meaſures repugnant to her own intereſt and diſtreſſing to this country, ſtill perſiſts in the deſign of ſubjugating theſe United States; which will compel us into another active and perhaps bloody campaign.

The United States in congreſs aſſembled, therefore, taking into conſideration our preſent ſituation, our multiplied tranſgreſſions of the holy laws of our God, and his paſt acts of kindneſs and goodneſs towards us, which we ought to record with the livelieſt gratitude, think it their indiſpenſible duty to call upon the ſeveral ſtates, to ſet apart the laſt Thurſday in April next, as a day of faſting, humiliation, and prayer, that our joint ſupplications may then aſcend to the throne of the Ruler of the univerſe, beſeeching him to diffuſe a ſpirit of univerſal reformation among all ranks and degrees of our citizens; and make us an holy, that ſo we may be, an happy people; that it would pleaſe him to impart wiſdom, integrity and unanimity to our counſellors; to bleſs and proſper the reign of our illuſtrious ally, and give ſucceſs to his arms employed in the defence of the rights of human nature; that he would ſmile upon our military arrangements by land and ſea; adminiſter comfort and conſolation to our priſoners in a cruel captivity; protect the health and life of our commander in chief; grant us victory over our enemies; eſtabliſh peace in all our borders, and give happineſs to all our inhabitants; that he would proſper the labour of the huſbandman, making the earth yield her increaſe in abundance, and give a proper ſeaſon for the ingathering of the fruits thereof; that he would grant ſucceſs to all engaged in lawful trade and commerce, and take under his guardianſhip all ſchools and ſeminaries of learning, and make them nurſeries of virtue and piety; that he would incline the hearts of all men to peace, and fill them with univerſal charity and benevolence, and that the religion of our Divine Redeemer, with all its benign influences, may cover the earth as the waters cover the ſea.

Done by the United States in congreſs aſſembled, this nineteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty two, and in the ſixth year of our independence.

JOHN HANSON, preſident.

Atteſt. CHARLES THOMSON, ſecretary.

BALTIMORE, *April* 2.

Lord North has ſaid, "that the mode of carrying on the war internally upon the continent of America, as practiſed under lord Cornwallis, and other generals, is to be no longer followed, but that the form of the war is to be wholly changed. A correſpondent obſerves, that as the miniſter has tried a piratical war—a war offenſive—predatory—and defenſive—a war of burning—and a war of cruelty, he is at a loſs to know what war his lordſhip intends for the next campaign—unleſs it ſhould be *a war of humanity!*

Office for confiſcated eſtates, Annapolis, April 3, 1782.

PURSUANT to an act of the general aſſembly paſſed at the laſt ſeſſion, the commiſſioners hereby call on all perſons who entered into agreements with the late proprietary, or his commiſſioners, for the purchaſe of manor lands, and who have not paid the money by them agreed to be paid for ſuch lands, to pay the money due upon ſuch agreements without delay. As this money was intended by the legiſlature to be appropriated to the recruiting ſervice, the neceſſity of a ſpeedy payment need not be urged.

The commiſſioners upon payment being being made to them will releaſe and convey the right of the ſtate in the ſaid lands to the perſon or perſons who contracted for the purchaſe of the ſame, or thoſe who claim under them. 6 w

By order, JO. BAXTER, clk.

Office for confiſcated eſtates, Annapolis, April 3, 1782.

PURSUANT to an act of the general aſſembly, Monocacy manor will be ſold at Frederick-town, on Monday the 10th of June next. This manor contains upwards of 9000 acres of valuable land, lies within a few miles of Frederick-town, and is not inferior to any tract of land, of equal extent, in the ſtate, for fertility of ſoil, and healthfulneſs of ſituation. The whole is well improved, and will be laid off into convenient farms, as held by the preſent tenants, including contiguous vacancies. Many of the farms have excellent meadows and orchards. A few of the leaſes are unexpired.

Certificates granted to officers and ſoldiers agreeably to an act, entitled, an act to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the troops of this ſtate in the ſervice of the United States, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned, and other acts and reſolves ſince paſſed, and which were in the hands of the perſons to whom granted, (at the time of the paſſing the law directing this ſale, which was at the laſt ſeſſion of aſſembly begun in the month of November 1781) or in the hands of the legal repreſentatives of ſuch as have died; and certificates granted to officers and ſoldiers ſince the laſt mentioned act agreeable to law, will be received as ſpecie in payment.

Purchaſers to give bond with good ſecurity, within twelve hours after the ſale, conditioned for the payment of one ſeventh part of the purchaſe money in ſpecie or the certificates aforeſaid within three months after purchaſe, and for payment of one ſeventh part of the purchaſe money, with intereſt, in ſpecie or certificates aforeſaid, annually, until the whole is diſcharged.

On Monday the 24th of June next, My lady's Manor in Baltimore, or Baltimore and Harford counties, containing ſeveral thouſand acres of valuable land, will be parcelled out in the ſame manner, and ſold upon the ſame terms, at Mr. Slade's tavern on the premiſes.

By order, JO. BAXTER, clk.

March 19, 1782.

R O E B U C K.

STANDS at the ſubſcriber's dwelling plantation, where Dr. Bate formerly lived, in Charles county, about ſix miles from Benedict, and will cover this ſeaſon at one thouſand pounds of crop tobacco a mare, and half a crown to the groom. Roebuck is four years old next April, a beautiful bay, highly formed, and full fifteen hands and an half high. Roebuck was got by Benjamin Dulany, Eſquire's Othello, who was bred by col. Fitzhugh of Chatham, and got by Old Fearnought upon a thorough bred Morton Traveller mare. Roebuck's dam was got by col. Taſker's Othello, who was got by Crab, his grand-dam by Morton's Traveller, his great-grand-dam was col. Taſker's famous Selima, who was got by the Godolphin Arabian. Good paſturage gratis, and particular care taken of mares, but I will not be anſwerable for accidents or eſcapes.

WILLIAM M. WILKINSON.

St. Mary's county, March 8, 1782.

THE high bred horſe UNION, five years old, a beautiful bay, upwards of fifteen hands and a half high, will cover this ſeaſon at the ſubſcriber's plantation, near the head of St. Mary's river, at five hundred pounds of net new inſpected crop tobacco, and half a crown ſpecie to the groom. Union was got by the well known thorough bred horſe Shakeſpeare, of the ſtate of Virginia, his dam by Nonpariel, his grand-dam by Morton's imported horſe Traveller, his great-grand-dam was Pocohuntas, ſhe was imported by the hon. William Bird, Eſq; and of blood unexceptionable. Good paſturage will be found for mares at half a crown ſpecie per week, but will not make myſelf anſwerable for any that may be loſt.

ROBERT CHESLEY.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Benjamin Allein, late of Calvert county, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment, and all thoſe that have claims againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in legally proved, as they my be paid, by

WILLIAM ALLEIN, executor.

TAKEN up as a ſtray by Francis St. Lawrance, living near the head of South river, Anne-Arundel county, a ſorrel mare, about 13 hands high, 12 years old, no perceivable brand, paces and gallops, has a blaze in her face, many ſaddle ſpots on her back, hanging mane and tail. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

On Saturday the 6th day of April next, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be ſold, for the benefit of the eſtate, on the premiſes, to the higheſt bidder, for ready current money,

A LOT of ground in the city of Annapolis, diſtinguiſhed on the plat of the ſaid city by the number 42, together with the dwelling houſe, and other improvements thereon, late the property of Mrs. Anne Catharine Green, deceaſed. A good title will be made to the purchaſer, by

F. GREEN, adminiſtrator.

[illegible], March 9, 1782.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber the 24th of laſt month, a light grey horſe, 4 years old this ſpring, about 14½ hands high, never was ſhod, very low in fleſh, is a natural trotter, had his mane braided when he went off, and is branded on the near buttock T. As he went off in company with a horſe that was found at Benedict Calvert, Eſquire's, and was bred at Dr. Leonard Hollyday's, it is probable he may be in that neighbourhood. Any perſon that takes up ſaid horſe, and delivers him to the ſaid Dr. Hollyday, or Dr. Robert Pottinger, ſhall have two dollars reward and reaſonable expences paid.

THOMAS RICHARDSON.

Annapolis, March 6, 1782.

THE ſubſcriber takes the liberty to inform the public generally, and his old cuſtomers particularly, that he has again opened tavern in this city, in the houſe lately occupied by Mr. George Mann on the dock, and ſolicits their cuſtom. He alſo intends to procure proper and convenient veſſels for the purpoſe of ferrying to Kent-Iſland, Rock-Hall, &c. w6

GILBERT MIDDLETON.

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS OF TOBACCO REWARD.

Prince-William, February 27, 1782.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber living in Prince-William county, in the ſtate of Virginia, BOB, a negro man ſlave, about ſix feet high, well made, has a large dent in one of his cheeks, and is remarkably fond of playing on the fiddle. The ſubſcriber heard of his being on Patuxent, in Maryland, ſoon after he ran away, and has good reaſon to believe he was taken from thence to the eaſtern ſhore of Maryland by a certain James Davis. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid ſlave, ſo that the ſubſcriber ſhall get him into his poſſeſſion, ſhall receive the above-mentioned reward.

6 w JOHN HAMMITT.

Office for confiſcated eſtates, Annapolis, March 5, 1782.

PURSUANT to acts of the general aſſembly, will be ſold at public auction, the following property, on the days, at the places, and upon the terms, hereafter mentioned, viz.

At Kent county, on the premiſes, the 17th day of April, that valuable tract of land late the property of Lloyd Dulany. Alſo a number of fine ſlaves, with ſtock of every kind.

At Cheſter-town, in Kent county, the 20th day of April, part of Kent Manor.

At Talbot Court-houſe, the 23d day of April, a houſe and lot, and warehouſes, ſituate at Kingſton, late the property of the heirs of Matthias Gale, alſo the following tracts of land, late the property of the heirs of Anthony Richardſon, part of Turkey-neck, 125 acres; part of Mount Hope, 50 acres; Dickenſon's Plains, 286½ acres; Richardſon's Adventure, 80 acres; Limerick, 50 acres; Hackett's Garden, 300 acres.

At Cambridge, on the 27th day of April, a tract of land called Ennalls's Outlet, 150 acres; Smart's Folly, 250 acres; Hamilton's Adventure, 116 acres; alſo a number of likely ſlaves, late the property of Alexander Hamilton; alſo about 1000 acres of the manor of Nanticoke.

The manor lands to be ſold on the following terms, one third of the ſum to be paid on the firſt day of September next, in ſpecie, or bills of credit of the laſt emiſſion at the actual value thereof; another third on the firſt day of September, 1783, in like money; and the remaining third on the firſt day of September, 1784, in like money. The purchaſers muſt give bond with good ſecurity.

The other lands to be ſold as follows, the large tracts will be parcelled out to ſuit the purchaſers. The ſum bid, to be paid in gold or ſilver, one third to be paid in ten days from the day of ſale; another third to be paid in twenty days from the firſt payment; and the remaining third to be paid on the 20th day of September next. Every purchaſer muſt be prepared to give bond and ſecurity on the day of ſale, otherwiſe he will forfeit his bargain, and the property be ſet up a ſecond time. All and every perſon having any claim or demand againſt, or to, any of the foregoing eſtates, are requeſted to preſent the ſame properly authenticated to the commiſſioners before the day of ſale.

By order, JO. BAXTER, clk.

Office for confiſcated eſtates, Annapolis, March 19, 1782.

ON Wedneſday the firſt of May next, will be ſold at vendue, on the premiſes, the real and perſonal eſtate which lately belonged to the rev. Mr. Boucher. The land is good and well ſituated; among the perſonal eſtate is a number of valuable ſlaves, ſtock of every kind, &c. Purchaſers to give bond with two good ſecurities to pay one third of the ſum bid with intereſt on the firſt day of ſeptember next, and the remainder in two equal annual payments thereafter.

By order,

JO. BAXTER, clk.

THE ſubſcriber intends to petition the general aſſembly, at their next ſeſſion, to paſs an act to quietly poſſeſs him of the whole tract of land called St. John's, with addition, near St. Mary's church, lately bought as confiſcated property, lying in Snow-hill manor; part of ſaid land was formerly called St. Barbara's, which, within eight years paſt, I bought as proprietor's property.

JOHN MACKALL.

Annapolis, March 24, 1782.

FOUND in my houſe ſome time in January or February 1782, a pair of ſilver ſhoe buckles wrapt in a piece of woollen cloth, ſuppoſed to be left by ſome gentleman lodging at ſaid houſe. Any perſon having left the ſaid buckles, by applying to the ſubſcriber, proving their property and paying charges, may have them again.

w3

JOHN BREWER, ſen.

[illegible], March [illegible], 1782.

ALL perſons indebted to Mr. William Roberts of the city of Annapolis, upon open accounts, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame, or otherwiſe ſettle them, and all perſons indebted upon bond or notes, are requeſted to pay up their intereſts and renew the ſame, for which purpoſe attendance will be given by the ſubſcriber at Mr. Fraſier's on every Saturday. Any monies will be received at the paſſing value in diſcharge of open accounts, intereſts upon bonds, and principal and intereſts upon notes. All perſons indebted as aforeſaid, refuſing this notice, may expect ſuits commenced againſt them to next Auguſt court, as further indulgence will not be given.

3 w

JAMES RINGGOLD.

C Y P R U S,

A fine dapple gray, fifteen hands and an inch high, calculated to pleaſe the farmer, the ſportſman, or the man of buſineſs,

STANDS at the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Piſcawaxon church, in Charles county, and will cover mares at eight dollars ſpecie, if paid down, or by the firſt day of Auguſt next, if not, five hundred pounds crop tobacco muſt be paid in lieu thereof. Cyprus was got by Smiling Tom, his dam by Silver Legs (the dam of col. Thornton's noted horſe Cub). Smiling Tom was got by Tom Jones, his dam was col. Tayloe's noted imported ſwift running mare Jenny Cameron. Tom Jones was got by Cyprus, his dam by Mr. Craft's Bloody Buttocked Arabian. The reſt of his pedigree being too tedious to inſert, though from as good a ſtock as any in England, may be ſeen where he ſtands. I have exceeding good paſturage at half a crown per week, but will not be anſwerable for eſcapes or other accidents.

WILLIAM COURTS.

Y O U N G

G R A N B Y,

An elegant full bred horſe,

WILL cover this ſeaſon, at my plantation near Port-Tobacco, in Charles county, Maryland, at four guineas, thirty buſhels of wheat, or a thouſand pounds weight of crop tobacco.

Young Granby is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands and an inch high, riſing ſix years old, and very active, was purchaſed of Mr. John Brown in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, and will appear by the following certificates to be as high a bred horſe as any on the continent.

BAKER BROOKE.

N. B. Good paſturage will be provided, but I will not be anſwerable for eſcapes. B. B.

New-Jerſey, May 28, 1779.

I do certify, that the bay colt captain Nat Ewing purchaſed of me, was got by Old Granby, his dam was got by Old Britain, out of the noted mare Dido, imported by Mr. Delancy of New-York, and is four years old the tenth day of June next.

JOHN BROWN.

Aſkrig, in Yorkſhire, September 10, 1772.

I do certify, that the bay mare Dido, now the property of Mr. Delancy, was bred by me, and was got by Matchem, her dam was got by Squirt, grand-dam by Mogul, great-grand-dam by Bay Bolton, great-great-grand-dam by Mr. Pullin's cheſnut Arabian.

Signed, JOHN PRATH.

I do certify, that the foregoing are true copies from the original certificates. w3

LEVY SHAMEKKIN.

B A D G E R,

WILL cover the enſuing ſeaſon at Bellair, in Prince-George's county, at five pounds real money a mare, and a dollar to the groom. Badger's a beautiful dapple gray, full 15 hands and an inch high, and allowed by judges to be a fine horſe. His pedigree (which is unexceptionable) may be ſeen at Bellair. No mare will be received unleſs the money is ſent with her. Good paſturage at a red dollar a week.

Anne-Arundel county, March 1782.

W I L D A I R,

COVERS this ſeaſon at the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Herring-Bay, at five hundred pounds crop tobacco for each mare, payable in notes on Patuxent river of one thouſand weight net, and not more than one year's date, or five pounds gold ſpecie; he was got by Mr. Delancy's imported horſe Wildair, his dam by Ariel, his grand-dam by Othello, his great-grand-dam a Barb. Mr. Delancy's horſe Wildair was got by Old Cade, Old Cade was got by the Godolphin Arabian. Three pounds ſeven ſhillings and ſix pence will be received in lieu of the above if ſent with the mare. Good paſturage gratis for thoſe that come a diſtance, the mares at the riſk of the owners. w3

RICHARD HARRISON.

YOUNG YORRICK,

THE property of Meſſrs. Fielder Bowie and John Smith Brooks, a beautiful dark bay, riſing four years old, equal in figure and blood to any horſe on the continent, will cover mares this ſeaſon at 3 guineas, and 7/6 to the groom, at Bowie's farm, adjoining Nottingham in Prince-George's county.

Young Yorrick is full 15 hands and an half high, and was got by col. Taylor's Old Yorrick, whoſe pedigree and fame are too notorious to need panegyrick, his dam by Dr. Hamilton's Figure, his grand-dam by Dove, his great-grand-dam by col. Taſker's noted Othello upon Selima, a ſtrain of horſes not to be excelled by any yet imported into this country.

Young Yorrick was put into my hands in November laſt to be trained, and during his exerciſe gave very pleaſing hopes of making a capital turf horſe. Proper paſturage for mares at [illegible] per week, where the greateſt care will be taken of them, but I am not anſwerable for eſcapes or accidents. w3

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Mares covered this ſeaſon not proving with foal are to be covered the next ſeaſon at half price.

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